

SEKF contributions

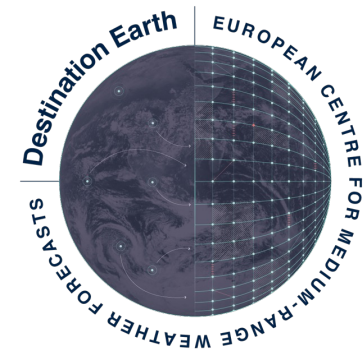
ECMWF-MO Land Surface DA Meeting

Christoph Herbert and the Coupled Assimilation team

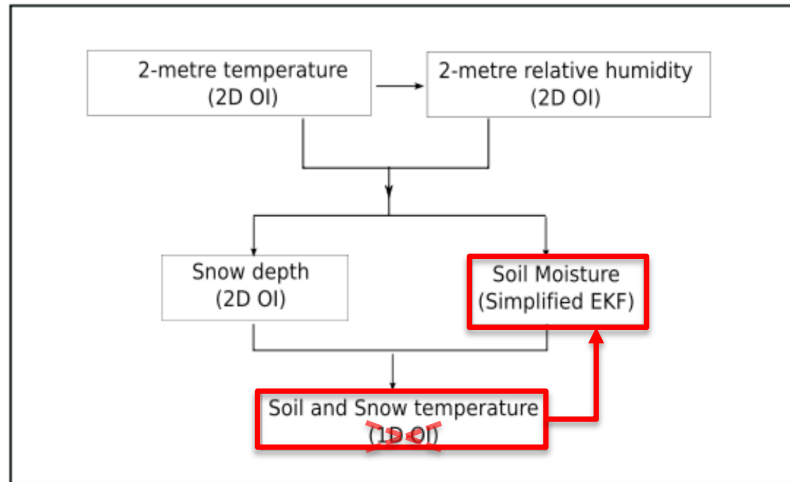
christoph.herbert@ecmwf.int



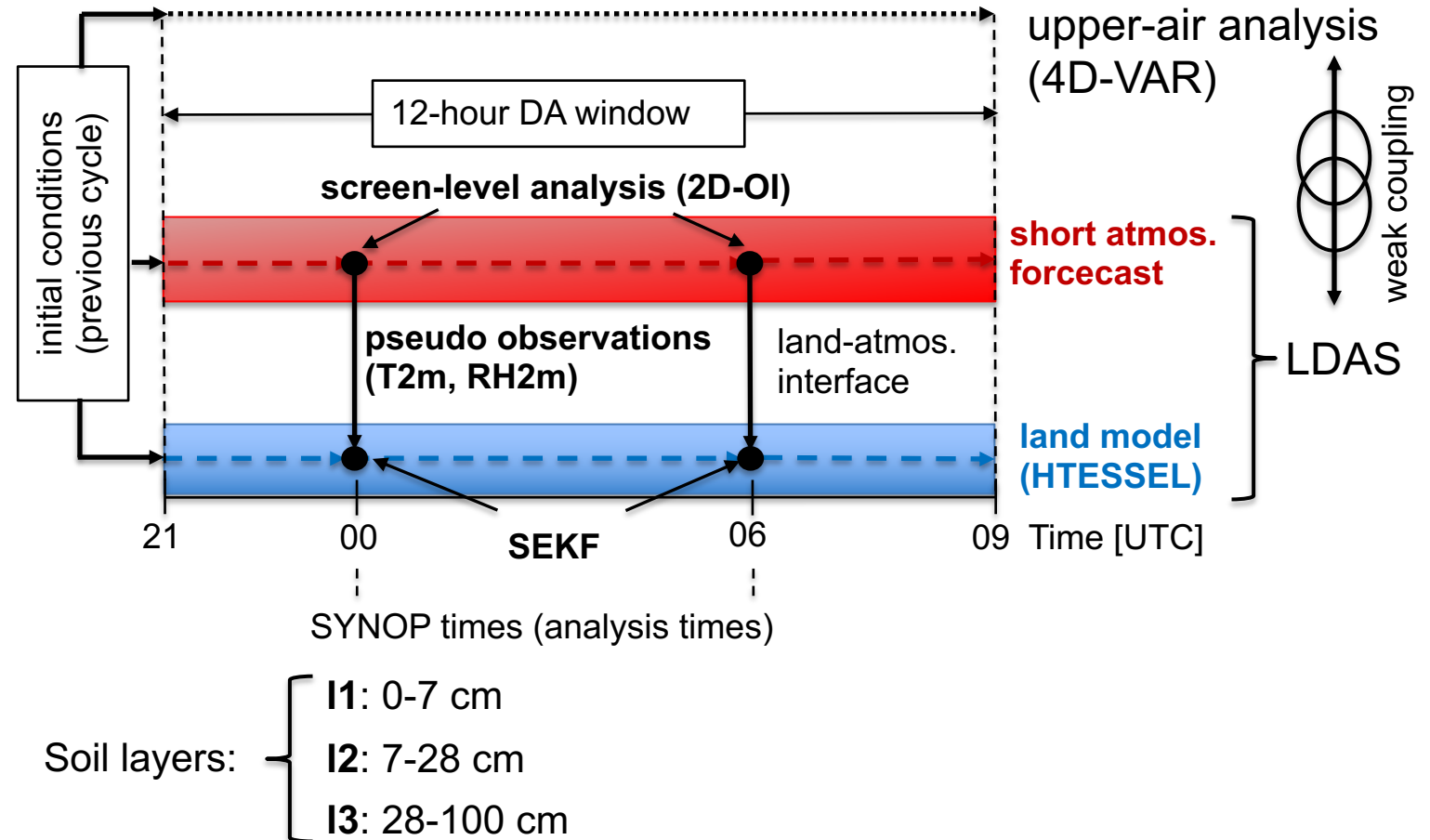
ECMWF Land Data Assimilation System



Land surface analysis



Simplified Extended Kalman Filter (SEKF) in the Integrated Forecast System (IFS)



AIM: Extending SEKF control vector

$$x = \begin{bmatrix} swv1 \\ swv2 \\ swv3 \end{bmatrix} \rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} swv1 \\ swv2 \\ swv3 \\ st1 \\ st2 \\ st3 \\ tsn \end{bmatrix}$$

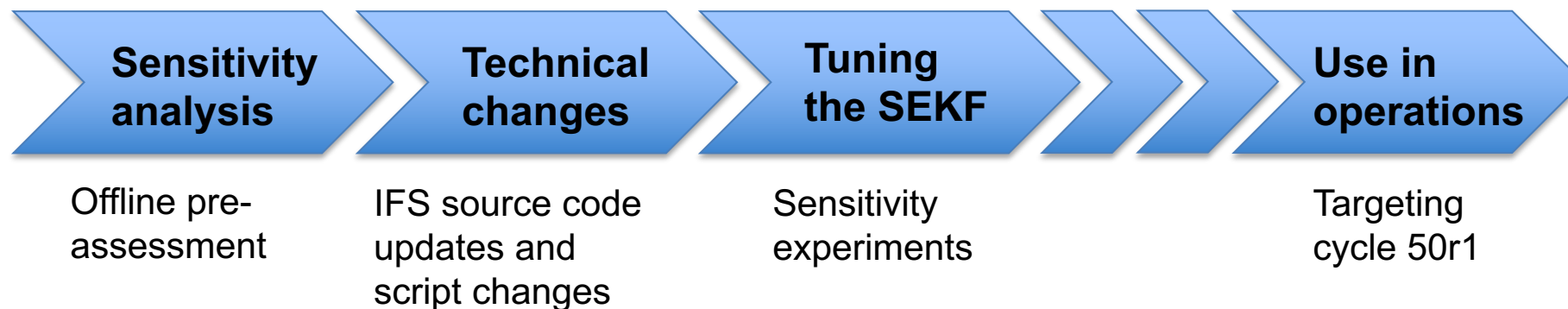
SEKF soil and snow temperature analysis

OBJECTIVES

- **Paving** the way towards a **unified** land data assimilation scheme using an **EDA-based** SEKF
- **More consistent approach** with land variables and in one control vector

SEKF UPDATES

- **Analysis of snow and soil temperature at multiple layers** (3 layers) instead of single layer (currently using 1D-OI)
- Aiming for **more accurate initial conditions** for operational forecast and the Continuous Extremes Digital Twin simulations in Destination Earth



Sensitivity analysis – EDA-based Jacobians

Analyzing Jacobians between **screen-level** variables (T2m and RH2m) and **SEKF control** variables (snow and multi-layer soil temperature)

Jacobian elements

$$H_{ij} = \frac{\text{cov}(\mathcal{H}_i(\mathbf{x}^{\text{eda}}), \mathbf{x}_j^{\text{eda}})}{\text{var}(\mathbf{x}_j^{\text{eda}})}$$

observations $y_i^{\text{obs}} =$

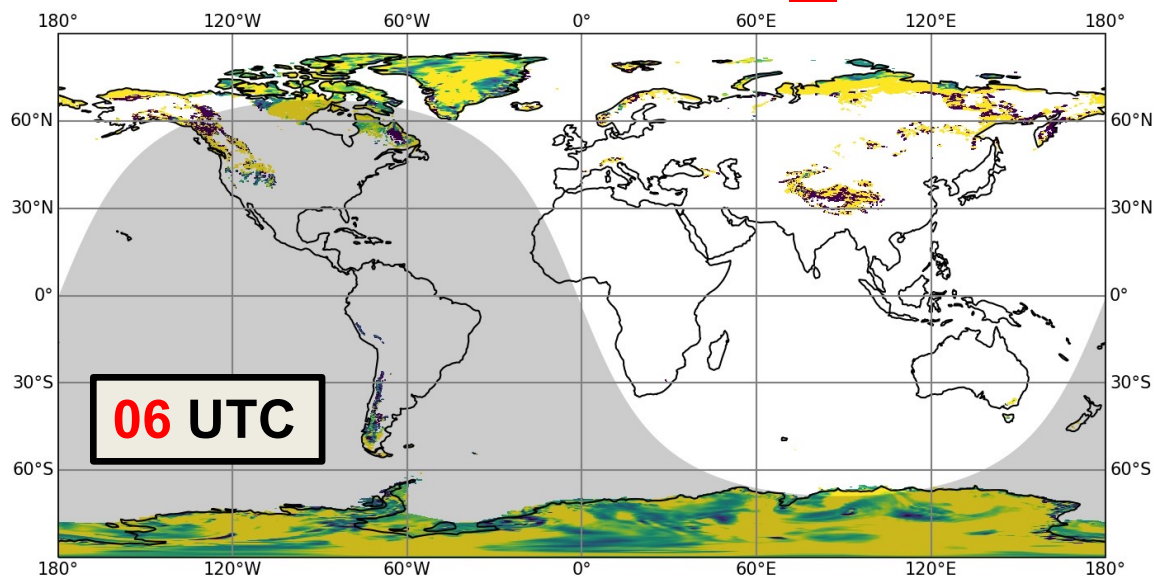
- T_{2m}
- RH_{2m}
- $ASCAT_{sm}$
- $SMOS_{sm}$

control variables

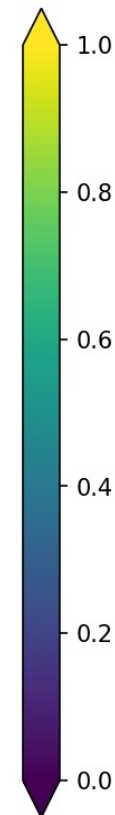
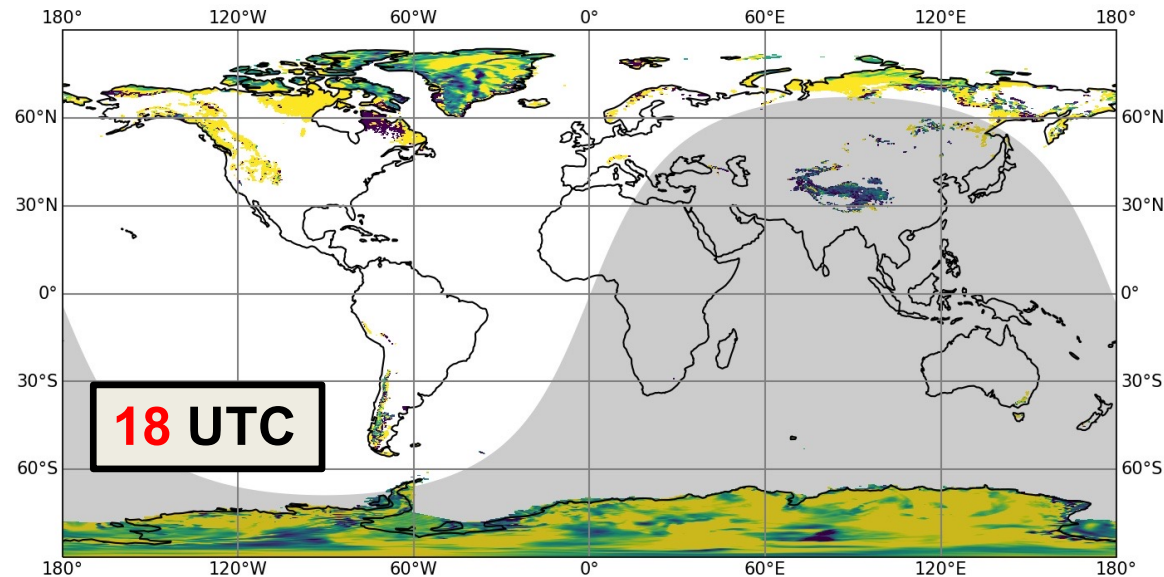
$x_i =$

- $swvl1$
- $swvl2$
- $swvl3$
- $stl1$
- $stl2$
- $stl3$
- tsn

H (tsn, T2m) 2022053106



H (tsn, T2m) 2022053118



Technical changes in the IFS

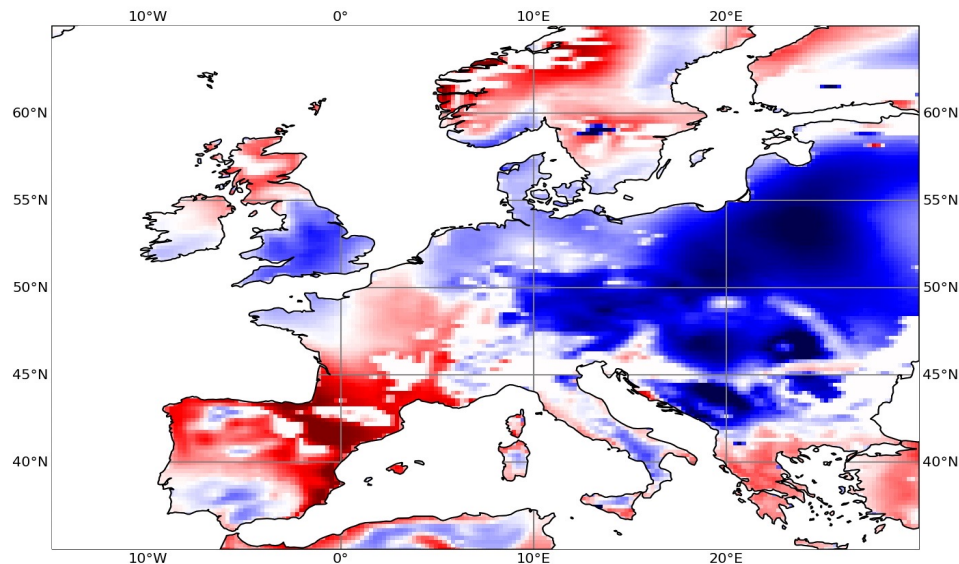


Updating the IFS: Including soil and snow temperature analysis in the SEKF

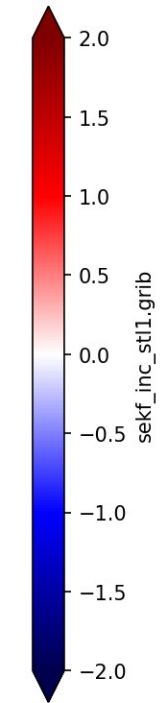
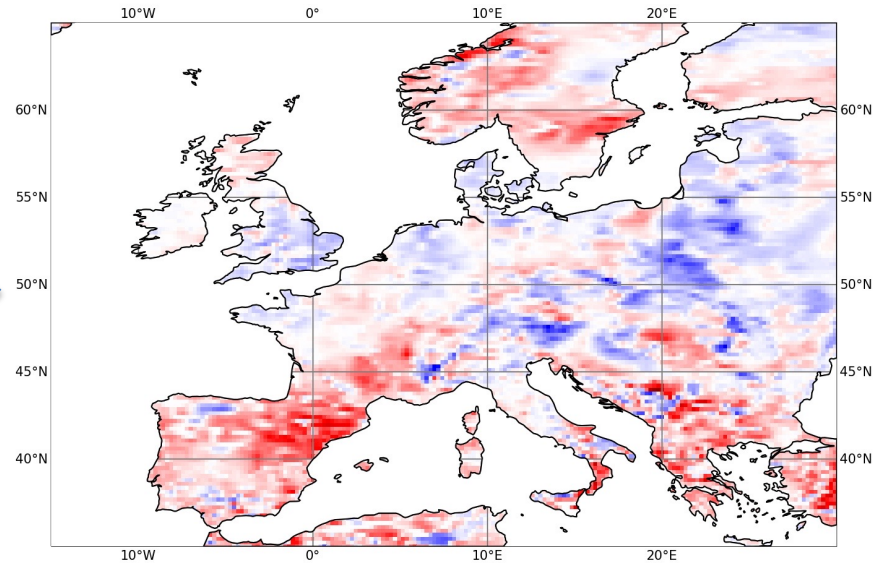
- Getting rid of 1D-OI single-layer snow and soil temperature analyses
- Updating the IFS: extending the SEKF **control vector**
- Computing **snow** and **multi-layer soil temperature analyses**

Analysis increments soil temperature layer 1 (stl1)

Current 1D-OI – 2020120212



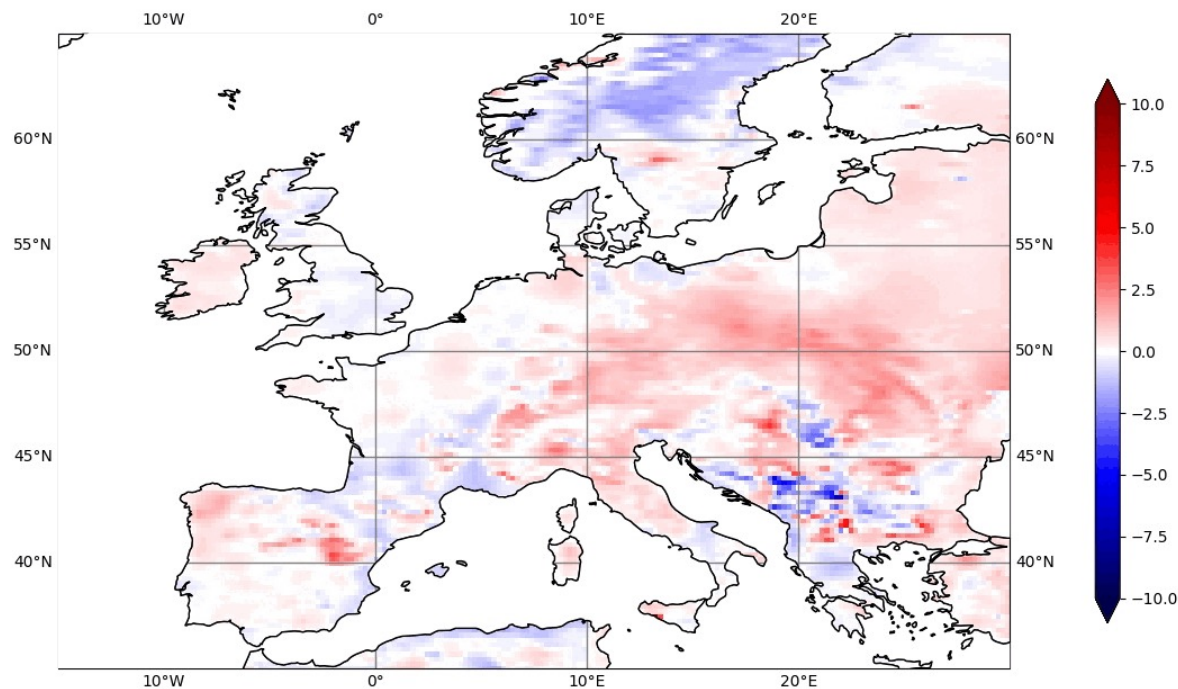
SEKF ($\sigma_b = 2K$) – 2020120212



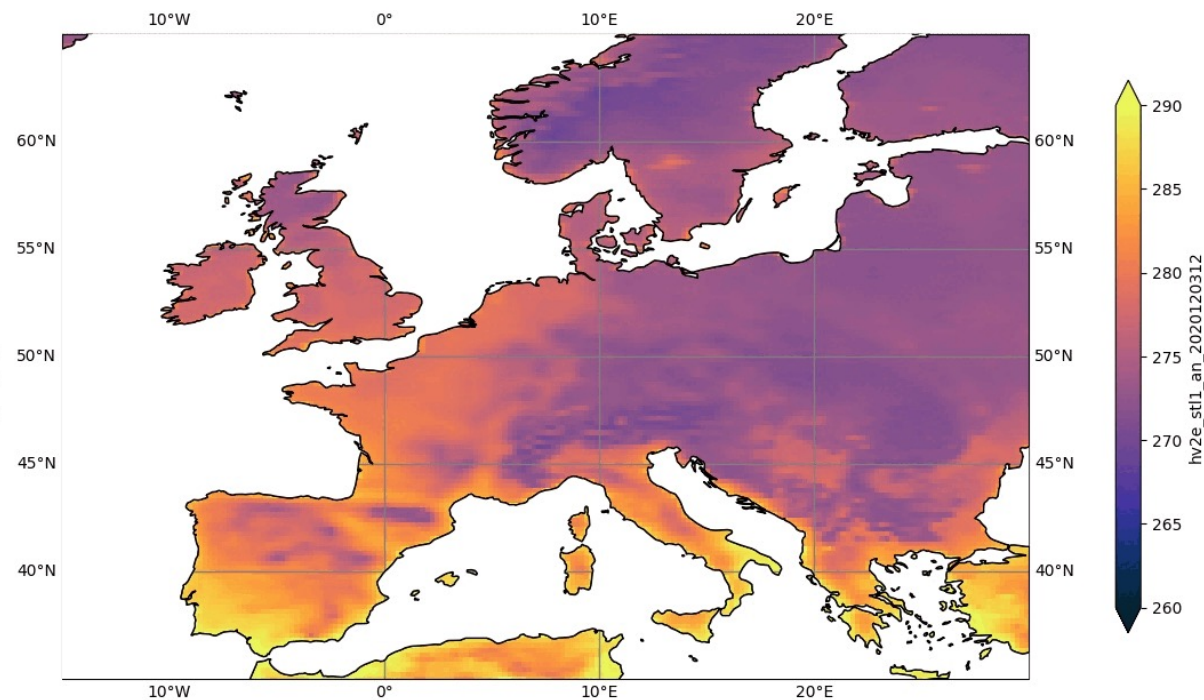
Soil temperature analysis at upper layer

- 3-month winter period (DJF 2020/21)
- SSA-only experiment, TCo399 (CY48R1.0)

Analysis differences: $stl1_{an, SEKF} - stl1_{an, 1D-OI}$



Analysis $stl1_{an, SEKF}$ at 12UTC ($\sigma_{b, stl1} = 1K$)

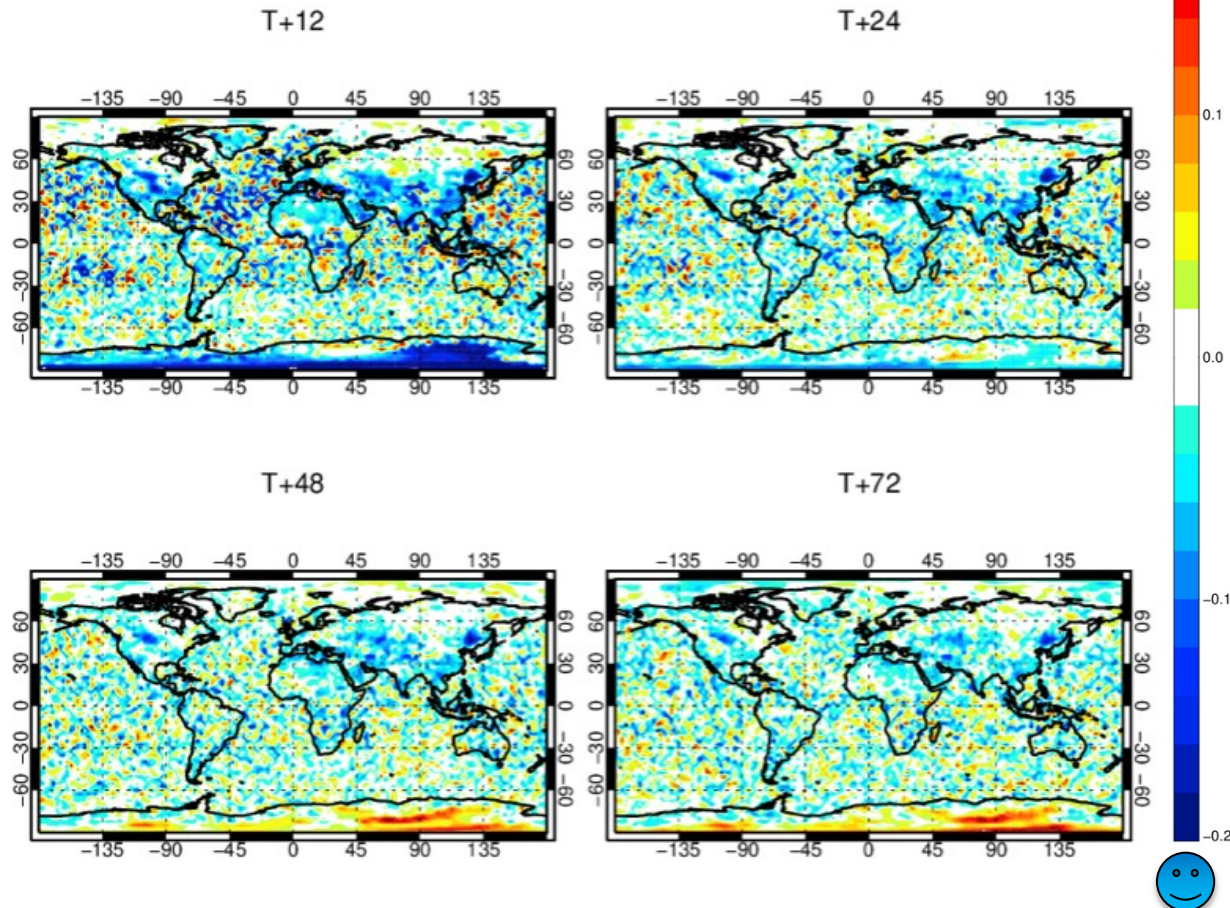


Temperature analysis in SEKF – impact on T2m (preliminary results)

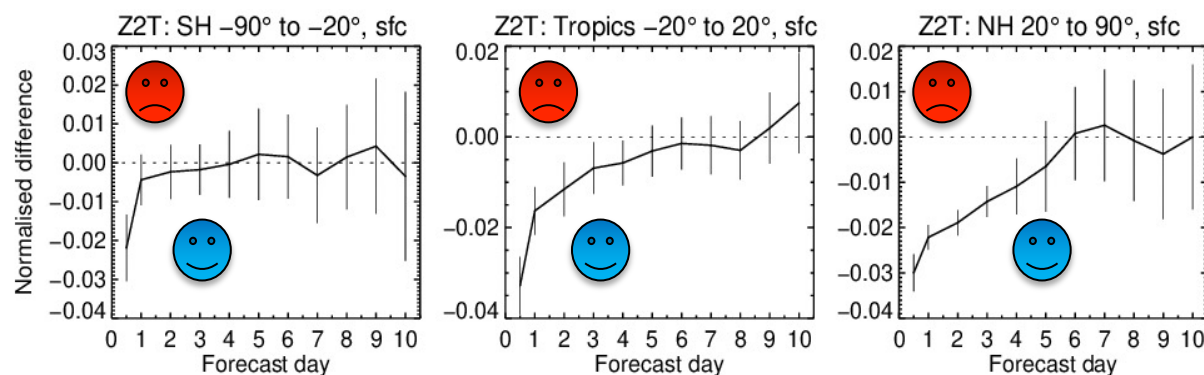
Change in RMSE of T2m at different lead times

Change in RMS error in Z2T (SEKF – 1D-OI)

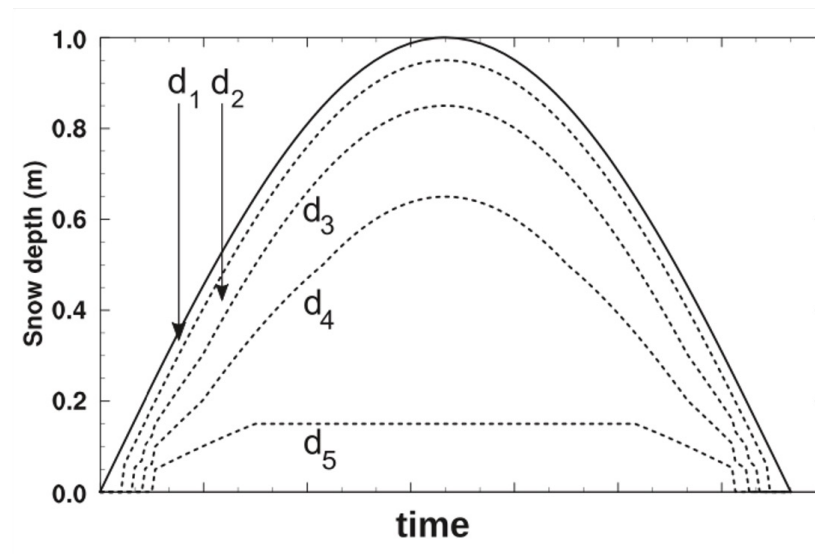
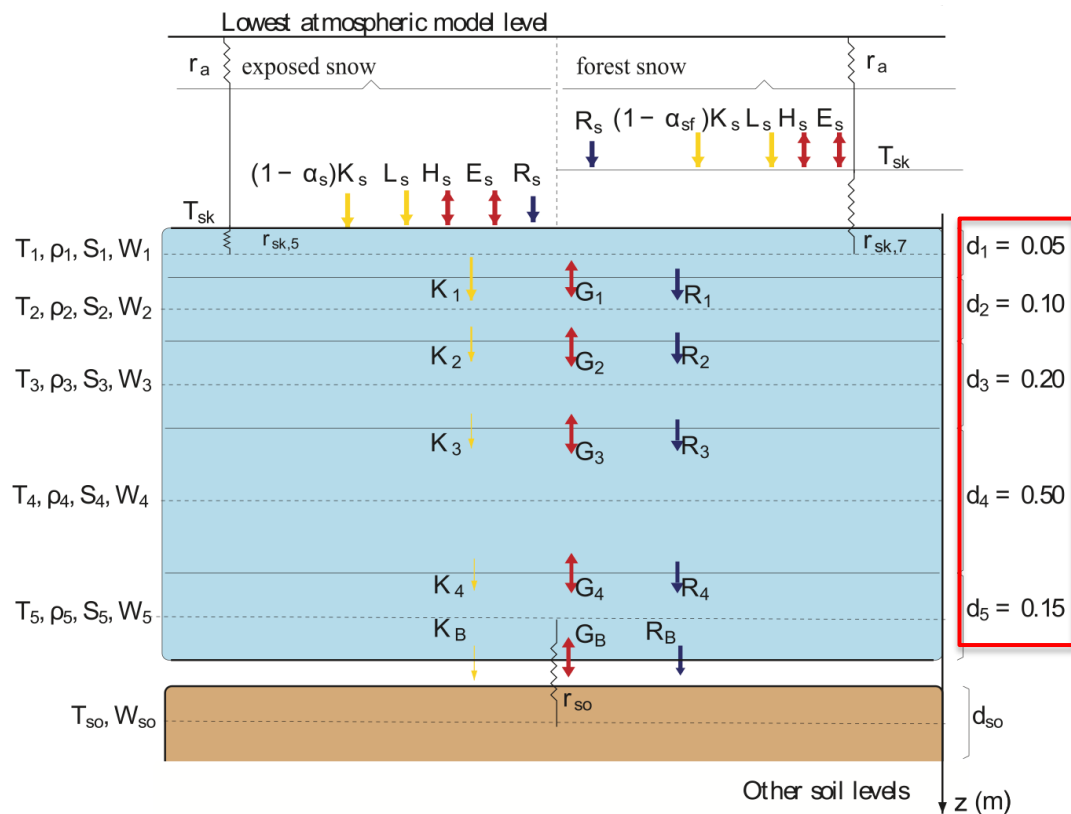
3–Dec–2020 to 28–Feb–2021 from 156 to 175 samples. Verified against own-analysis.
No statistical significance testing applied



3–Dec–2020 to 28–Feb–2021 from 156 to 175 samples. Verified against own-analysis.
Confidence range 95% with AR(2) inflation and Sidak correction for 4 independent tests.



Multi-layer snow temperature analysis



Up to **5 active** snow layers depending on the actual snow depth

Coupled multi-layer snow model (cycle 48r1) [Arduini et al.]

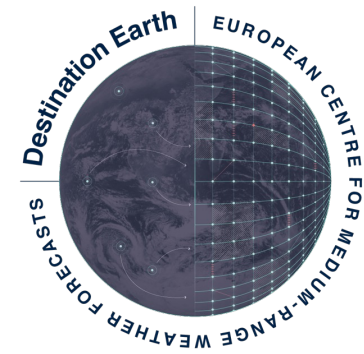
- Multiple layers enable **multiple time scales** to be resolved
- Better **timing** of accumulation



Multi-layer snow temperature analysis

- Better capture **snow variability**
- More accurate estimate of the **snow amount**

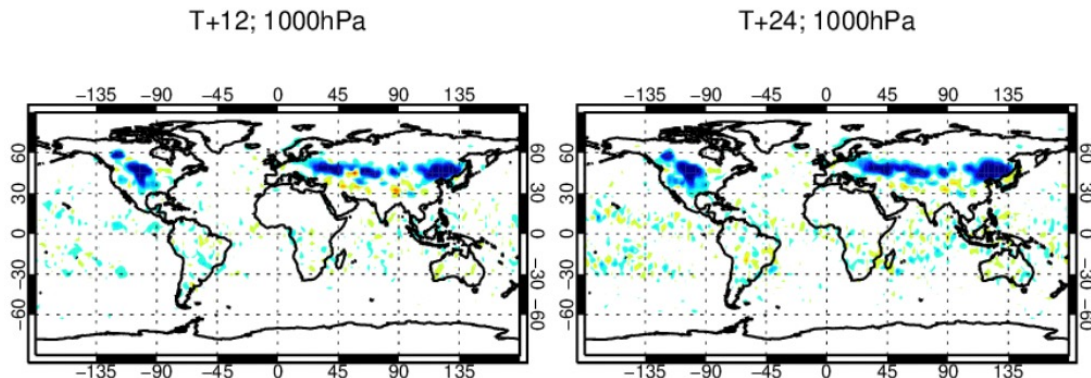
SEKF technical improvements and tuning



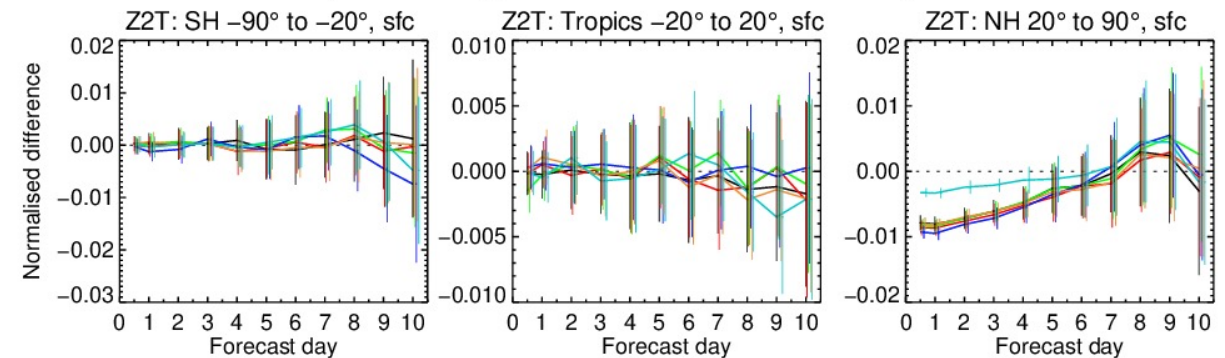
Technical improvements in the SEKF

- Reasonable **lower bound for variances** of control variables (cycle 49r1)
- Updates in the SEKF to **enhance the consistency with 4D-Var trajectories** (cycle 49r1)
- Sensitivity experiments and tuning of the SEKF (ongoing):
 - More educated **constraints on the Jacobian elements** accepted for analysis
 - **Snow depth-based threshold** for soil temperature analysis:

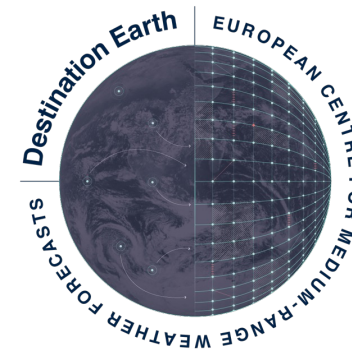
Change in RMS error in T (5cm – 1mm)
3–Dec–2020 to 28–Feb–2021 from 156 to 175 samples. Verified against 0001.
No statistical significance testing applied



3–Dec–2020 to 28–Feb–2021 from 156 to 175 samples. Verified against 0001.
Confidence range 95% with AR(2) inflation and Sidak correction for 24 independent tests.



- 50cm – 1mm
- 40cm – 1mm
- 20cm – 1mm
- 10cm – 1mm
- 5cm – 1mm
- 1cm – 1mm



Summary and future work

- Contributing to **coupled land-atmosphere data assimilation** towards **unified land scheme** based on the **SEKF**
- Including **soil and snow temperature analysis** in the SEKF
- **Technical updates** and **sensitivity experiments** for tuning the **SEKF**
- Investigating **multi-layer soil and snow temperature analysis** in the context of drought conditions and snow accumulation and melting
- Running **high-resolution experiments** to create more accurate initial conditions in the framework of **Destination Earth**